









## Features

- 90~264Vac input, built-in PFC boost to 380VDC
- Power stage, 3-phase switches with sensors in one unit for external control (control board VFD-CB sold sperately)
- High peak current up to 200% and 5 seconds
- Fanless design for silent operation and long lifetime
- Protections: Short circuit / OCP
- Internal sensors feed out for control: Current sensor - motor torque control DC bus voltage sensor - OVP/UVP Temperature sensor - OTP
- -30~+60°C wide operating temperature
- Suitable for 3-phase motor drive (e.g. BLDC, Induction motor, SynRM)
- 3 years warranty

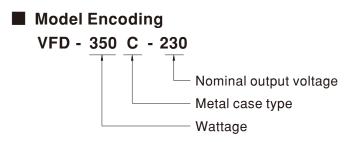


## Applications

- HVAC
- Fan
- Water/Air pump
- Power tools
- Conveyor
- Automatic door
- · Fitness equipment
- GTIN CODE MW Search: https://www.meanwell.com/serviceGTIN.aspx

## Description

The VFD-350C-230 is an universal variable frequency drive power module providing integrated power stage, gate drivers and basic VFD sensors such as three phase output current and temperature sensors. This product can be implemented for a three phase motor drive solution by coordinating with an external motor drive controller in logic level and analog I/O. The power stage input is single phase full range from 90VAC to 264VAC with PFC function. The 3-phase motor output is up to 240V with 200% peak current capability. The VFD-350C-230 is suitable for three-phase motor drive, such as BLDC, Induction motor, and SynRM applications.

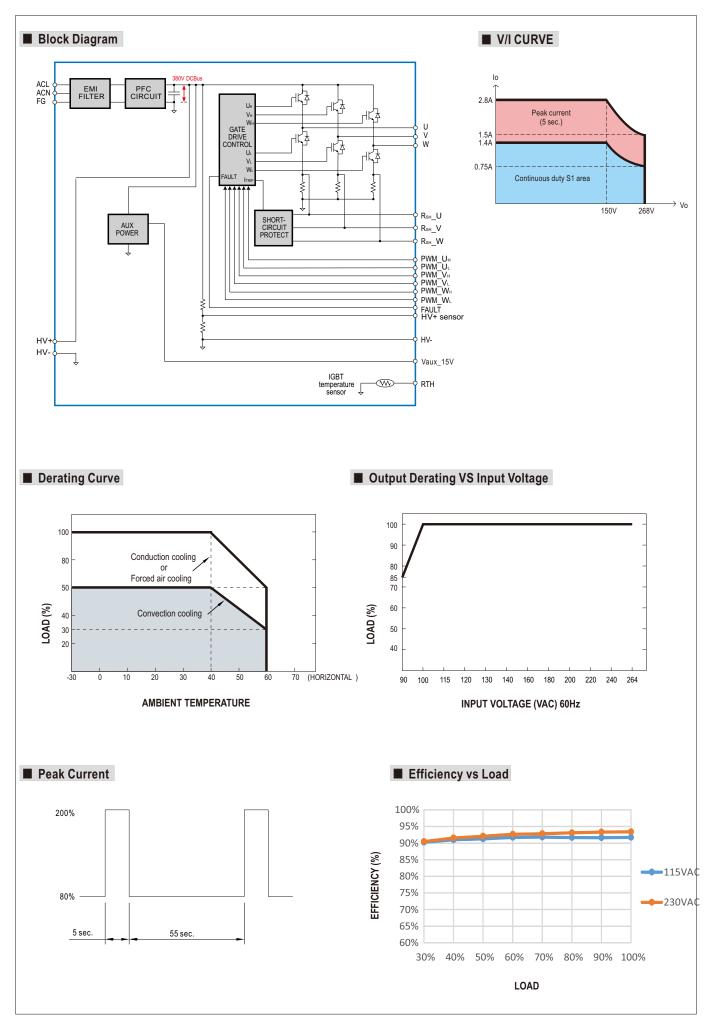




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MODEL NO.		VFD-350C-230			
	VOLTAGE RANGE(UVW)		380Vmax, line-to-line voltage 0~268V adjustable with modulated PWM , suitable for 3PH 200-240V class motor		
PWM OUTPUT	CURRENT	Rated	1.4A		
		Peak	2.8A for 5 seconds		
Note 1,2,3,4)	RATED POWER		350W		
	EFFICIENCY		93%		
	DC BUS VOLTAGE		380±5VDC		
	PWM FREQUENCY		2.5 KHz ~ 15 KHz		
	RATED INPUT VOLTAGE		90 ~ 264VAC		
	INPUT FREQUENCY RANGE (Hz)				
	POWER FACTOR (Typ.)		PF>0.99/115VAC, PF>0.93/230VAC at full load		
NPUT	RATED INPUT CURRENT		3.5A/115VAC 2A/230VAC		
	INRUSH CURRENT				
			Cold start 70A /230VAC		
	LEAKAGE CURRENT		<2mA/240VAC	for ICPTo (CNI02 DINI9-12)	
	3-PHASE PWM CONTROL		PWM control signal to gate driver for IGBTs.         (CN93, PIN8~13)           3.3V TTL/CMOS input: High(>2.7V): IGBT ON ;         Low(<0.4V): IGBT OFF		
	3-PHASE CURR	ENT SENSOR	Built-in 100m $\Omega$ low-side shunt re	esistors on UVW phase (CN93, P	IN4~6)
CONTROL / FUNCTION	DC BUS VOLTAGE SENSOR		DC BUS voltage sensor output (CN93, PIN1) 2.5V@DC BUS 380V		
Note 5)	THERMAL SEN	ISOR	Built-in 10K $\Omega$ NTC for sensing IGBTs operating temperature. (TSM2A103F34D1R (Thinking Electronic), PIN3 of CN		
(NOLE J)	FAULT SIGNAL		Inverter fault signal (Short circuit/OCP, CN93, PIN7).		
	AUXILIARY POWER		3.3V TTL/CMOS output: Normal: High(>3V); Abnormal: Low(<0.5V) Non-isolated 15V output power for external control board (CN93,PIN 14 to PIN2 ) 15V@0.1A ; Tolerance +/- 0.5V, Ripple 1Vp-p max		
PROTECTION	SHORT CIRCU	IT	Protection type : Shut down o/p v		
RUTECTION			$-30 \sim +60^{\circ}C$ (Refer to "Dreating C	• • •	
	WORKING TEN			Jurve )	
ENVIRONMENT	WORKING HUN		20 ~ 90% RH non-condensing		
	STORAGE TEMP., HUMIDITY		-40 ~ +85°C, 10 ~ 95% RH non-condensing		
	VIBRATION		10 ~ 500Hz, 2G 10min./1cycle, p	eriod for 60min. each along X, Y,	Zaxes
	SAFETY STANDARDS		CB IEC61800-5-1,TUV/BS EN/EN61800-5-1,EAC TP TC004 approved		
	WITHSTAND VOLTAGE		I/P-FG:2KVAC		
	ISOLATION RESISTANCE		I/P-FG:100M Ohms/500VDC/25°	C/70%RH	
			Parameter	Standard	Test Level / Note
	EMC EMISSION		Conducted	BS EN/EN IEC61800-3	Class A, C2
			Radiated	BS EN/EN IEC61800-3	Class A, C2
			Harmonic Current	BS EN/EN IEC61000-3-2	Class A
			Voltage Flicker	BS EN/EN61000-3-3	
			BS EN/EN IEC61800-3, second envi	ronment	
SAFETY &			Parameter	Standard	Test Level /Note
EMC			ESD	BS EN/EN61000-4-2	Level 3, 8KV air ; Level 2, 4KV contact
			Radiated	BS EN/EN IEC61000-4-3	Level 3
			EFT/Burest	BS EN/EN61000-4-4	Level 3
			Surge	BS EN/EN61000-4-5	Level 3, 2KV/Line-Earth ; Level 3, 1KV/Line-Line
			Conducted	BS EN/EN61000-4-6	Level 3
	EMCIMMUNITY	Y	Magnetic Field	BS EN/EN61000-4-8	
		Voltage Dips and Interruptions	BS EN/EN IEC61000-4-11	>95% dip 0.5 periods, 30% dip 25 periods, >95% interruptions 250 periods	
			Voltage deviation	IEC 61000-2-4 Class 2	±10% Un
			Total Harmonic distortion (THD) Individual Harmonic orders	IEC 61000-2-4 Class 3 IEC 61000-4-13 Class 3	THD 12 %
			Frequency variations	IEC 61000-2-4	±4%
			Frequency rate of change	IEC 61000-2-4	2%/s
	MTBF		2078.9K hrs min.Telcordia SR-3	332 (Bellcore) ; 191.5K hrs min.M	/IL-HDBK-217F (25℃)
OTHERS	DIMENSION (L	*W*H)	146*62*31mm		
	PACKING		0.38Kg;32pcs/13.18kg/0.87CUFT		
NOTE	<ol> <li>2. Refer to p</li> <li>3. Efficiency</li> <li>4. All parameters</li> </ol>	eak current capa is tested with in eters NOT speci fer to "Functiona	ecommended.Please consider the rated current when used for 100-120V class motor. pability in "V/I Curve". inductive load at rated current and full power. cially mentioned are measured at 230VAC input, rated load and 25°C of ambient temperature. nal Manual" for more details.		



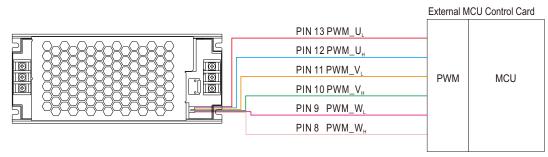




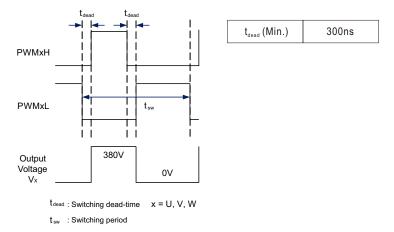
### Function Manual

#### 1. 3-phase PWM Control (CN93, PIN8~13)

VFD-350C-230 provides six-switch circuit by using 3 half-bridge IGBTs. IGBTs of each phase is controlled by  $PWM_U_H/U_L$ ,  $PWM_V_H/V_L$  and  $PWM_W_H/W_L$  (PIN 8~13). The input requirement for PWM is compatible with both TTL and CMOS 3.3V signals. Please refer to the diagram below.

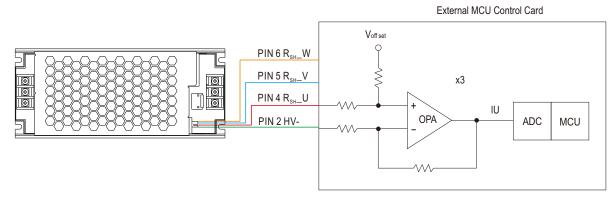


WARNING: It is necessary to keep minimum dead-time between the upper and lower switch of each phase.

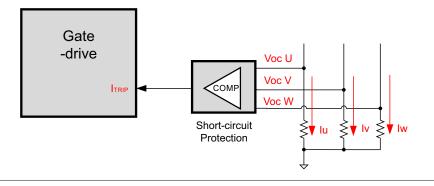


#### 2. 3-phase Current Detection & Overcurrent Protection (CN93, PIN4~6)

Low-side shunt resistors  $100m\Omega$  are installed on each phase of VFD-350C-230 for current measurement and short-circuit detection. It's suggested to shorten the length of external detection circuit and detect the signal with a OPAs. Please refer to diagram below.



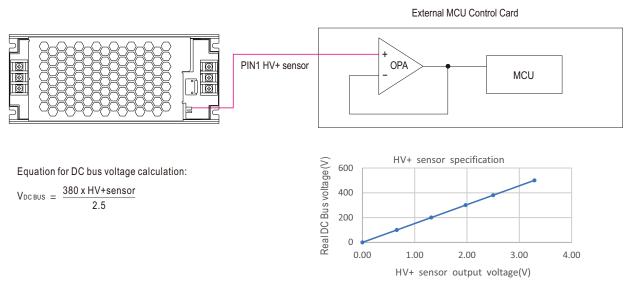
If output current exceeds 200% of rated value, the internal protection circuit will be triggered and shut down the gate driver for protection.





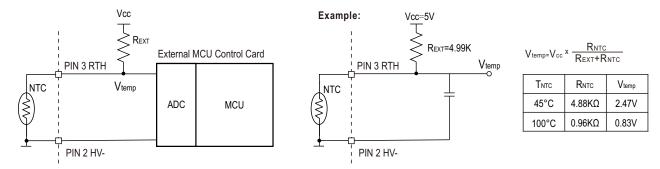
#### 3. DC BUS Voltage Detection (CN93, PIN1)

VFD-350C-230 is build-in with DC bus voltage sensor(HV+ sensor, PIN 1). The sensor provides a 2.5V output when DC bus voltage is at 380V. It's suggested to detect the signal by OPAs. When the voltage of the DC bus exceed 420V, the PWM input signal must shut down for protection.



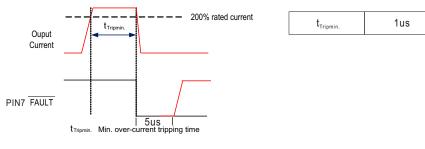
#### 4. IGBT Temperature Detection (CN93, PIN3)

VFD-350C-230 is built-in a NTC resistor for detecting IGBTs temperature. Users can detect IGBTs temperature for protection. (NTC type: TSM2A103F34D1R, Thinking Electronic) The recommended detection circuit is below. It's suggested to shutdown the PWMs input, if the temperture is above 100°C.



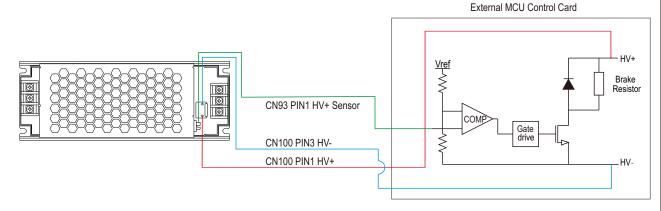
#### 5. Fault signal

If the VFD-350C-230 encounters an overcurrent condition and remains in that state for the minimum overcurrent time, the FAULT signal will be activated (active low) to notify the external controller or circuit.



#### 6. Brake Recommandations(CN100,PIN1,3)

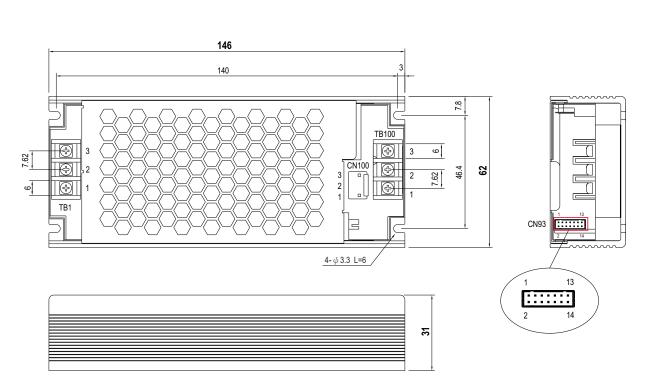
VFD-350C-230 reserved CN100 PIN1,3 that connect to HV+,HV- for brake circuit design . The maximum voltage on DC Bus(HV+) shall not be higher than 420V.





### Mechanical Specification

Unit:mm



AC Input Terminal Pin NO. Assignment (TB1)

Pin No.	Assignment
1	AC/L
2	AC/N
3	÷

Output Terminal Pin NO. Assignment (TB100		
Pin No.	Assignment	

1	U
2	V
3	W

380V DC Bus Connector(CN100): JST B3P-VH or equivalent

Pin No.	Assignment
1	HV+
2	No Pin
3	HV-

Mating housing: JST VHR or equivalent

Terminal: JST SVH-21T-P1.1 or equivalent

% CN100 is used for installing regenerative brake device, avoiding VFD-350C-230 damage.

Control Pin NO. Assignment (CN93) : HRS DF11-14DP-2DS or equivalent

Pin No.	Assignment	Pin No.	Assignment
1	HV+ sensor	8	PWM_W <sub>H</sub>
2	HV-	9	PWM_W L
3	RTH	10	PWM_V <sub>H</sub>
4	R <sub>sн</sub> _U	11	PWM_V
5	R <sub>sH</sub> _V	12	PWM_U <sub>H</sub>
6	R <sub>sh</sub> _W	13	PWM_U L
7	FAULT	14	Vaux_15V

Mating housing: HRS DF11-14DS or equivalent Terminal HRS DF11-\*\*SC or equivalent



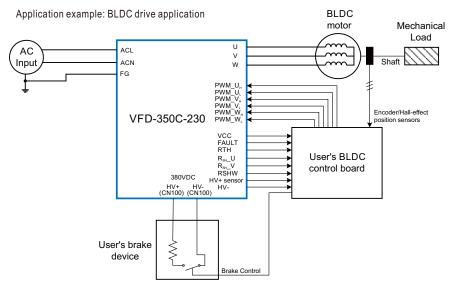
350W AC Input Variable Frequency Drive Module with PFC Function

# VFD-350C-230

%Control Pin No. Assignment(CN93) :

Pin No.	Function	Description
1	HV+ sensor	DC BUS voltage sensor output, reference to pin 2(HV-)
2	HV-	DC BUS voltage sensor output ground
3	RTH	Temperature sensor
4	R <sub>sh</sub> _U	U phase current sensor output
5	R <sub>sh</sub> _V	V phase current sensor output
6	R <sub>sh</sub> _W	W phase current sensor output
7	FAULT	Over current detection. Normal > 3V, Abnormal < 0.5V
8	PWM_W <sub>H</sub>	W phase high side logic input, on > 2.7V ; off < 0.4V
9	$PWM_W_{L}$	W phase low side logic input, on > 2.7V ; off < 0.4V
10	$PWM_V_H$	V phase high side logic input, on > 2.7V ; off < 0.4V
11	PWM_V	V phase low side logic input, on > 2.7V ; off < 0.4V
12	$PWM_U_H$	U phase high side logic input, on > 2.7V ; off < 0.4V
13	PWM_U	U phase low side logic input, on > 2.7V ; off < 0.4V
14	Vaux_15V	Auxiliary voltage output 15V reference to pin2 (HV-). The maximum load current is 0.1A

### Application



1. The figure shows a BLDC drive system set up with VFD-350C-230.

Developers can control the PWM signal of 6-switch by using SPWM or SVPWM, etc. for 3-phase voltage modulation, and build the control method base on the current shunt sensors on 3-phase low-side switch(R<sub>sH</sub>\_U/V/W) and the DC BUS voltage sensor(HV+ sensor) which provided by VFD-350C-230.
 Developers can select the appropriate BLDC position sensors such as encoder or Hall-effect sensors to fit their applications.

4.It's suggested to install the brake circuit/device at the HV+/HV- pin( DC BUS, CN100) to avoid the DC BUS OVP when BLDC is decelerating.

5.It's suggested to shut down the PWM input or connect to brake resistor device for safety when DC Bus voltage is higher than 420V.

6.If VFD-350C-230 was applied with non-appropriate control, such as accelerating too quickly or bad current control, it might trig the VFD-350C-230's fault-state to shut down the output voltage(low-level on FAULT pin).



### Installation

#### 1.Operate with additional aluminum plate

In order to meet the "Derating Curve" and the "Static Characteristics", VFD series must be installed onto an aluminum plate(or the cabinet of the same size) on the bottom. The size of the suggested aluminum plate is shown as below. And for optimizing thermal performance, the aluminum plate must have an even and smooth surface (or coated with thermal grease), and VFD series must be firmly mounted at the center of the aluminum plate.

